

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-III (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2021

Subject Code:3131103

Date:23-02-2022

Subject Name:Network Theory

Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM

Total Marks:70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		MARKS
Q.1	(a) Define the following : (1) Oriented Graph (2) Tie-Set (3) Incidence Matrix.	03
	(b) Discuss the following: (1) Linear and Nonlinear Network (2) Bilateral and Unilateral Network (3) Active and Passive Network (4) Lumped and Distributed Network.	04
	(c) Using source transformation, find the Voltage V_x in the figure:1.	07
Q.2	(a) Obtain Laplace transform of the following functions: (1) Unit Step Function (2) Unit Ramp Function (3) Unit Impulse Function.	03
	(b) Solve for the response $y(t)$ in the following integrodifferential equation> $\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y(t) + 6 \int_0^t y(\tau) d\tau = u(t), \quad y(0) = 2$	04
	(c) For the circuit of figure:2, compute the voltage across each current source using nodal analysis.	07
OR		
	(c) Determine v_3 in the circuit of figure:3 using mesh analysis.	07
Q.3	(a) A parallel RLC circuit has $L = 2 H$ and $C = 0.25 F$. Find the value of R that will produce unity damping factor.	03
	(b) For the source free series RC circuit, $v(t) = 56 e^{-200t} V, \quad t > 0$ $i(t) = 8 e^{-200t} mA, \quad t > 0$	04
	(c) (1) Find the value of R and C. (2) Calculate the time constant τ . At $t = 0.15 s$ in the circuit of figure: 4, find the value of (1) i_L (2) i_1 (3) i_2 .	07
OR		
Q.3	(a) Consider a parallel RLC circuit having an inductance of 10mH and a capacitance of 100 μF . Determine the resistor values that would lead to overdamped and underdamped responses.	03
	(b) In a source free series RL circuit, find the numerical value of the ratio: (1) $i(2\tau)/i(\tau)$ (2) $i(0.5\tau)/i(0)$ (3) t/τ if $i(t)/i(0) = 0.2$ (4) t/τ if $i(0) - i(t) = i(0) \ln 2$.	04
	(c) After being open for a long time, the switch in figure:5 closes at $t = 0$. Find (1) $i_L(0^-)$ (2) $v_C(0^-)$ (3) $i_R(0^+)$ (4) $i_C(0^+)$.	07
Q.4	(a) Find Laplace transform of $\cosh at$.	03
	(b) Find the Norton's equivalent with respect to terminals $a - b$ in the circuit shown in figure: 6.	04
	(c) Determine the value of R_L that will draw the maximum power from the rest of the circuit of figure: 7. Calculate the maximum power.	07
OR		
Q.4	(a) Find the inverse Laplace Transform of : $F(s) = 1 + \frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5s}{s^2+25}$	03
	(b) Determine R_{Th} and V_{Th} at terminals 1-2 for the circuit of figure: 8.	04

(c) Use superposition to solve for v_x in the circuit of figure: 9 07

Q.5 (a) For the resistive network shown in the figure : 10, draw the oriented graph and tree. 03

(b) Test whether $P(s)$ is Hurwitz $P(s) = s^4 + 3s^3 + 4s^2 + 3s + 1$ using Routh's Criterion. 04

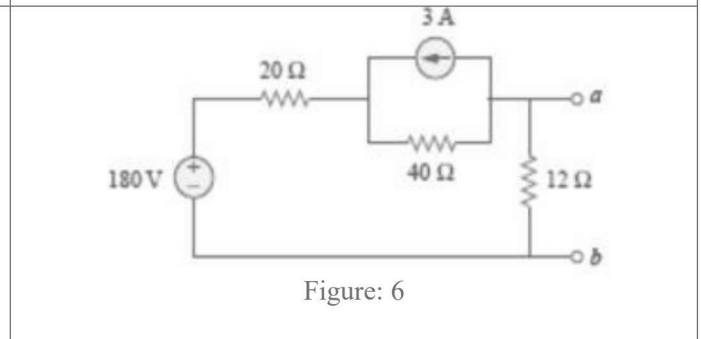
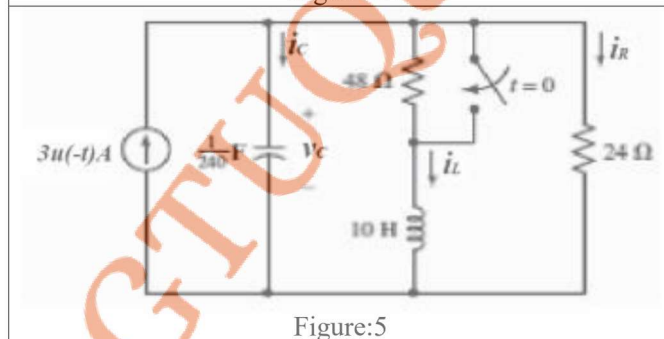
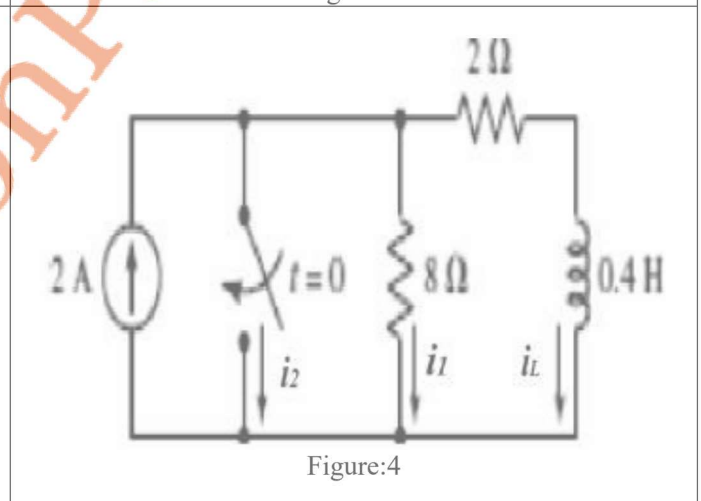
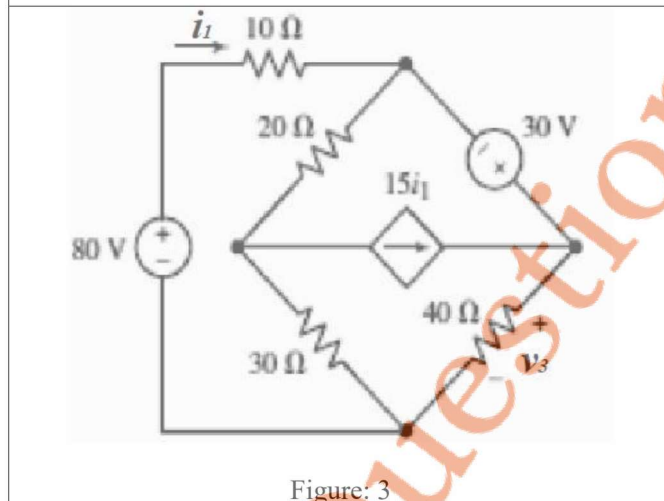
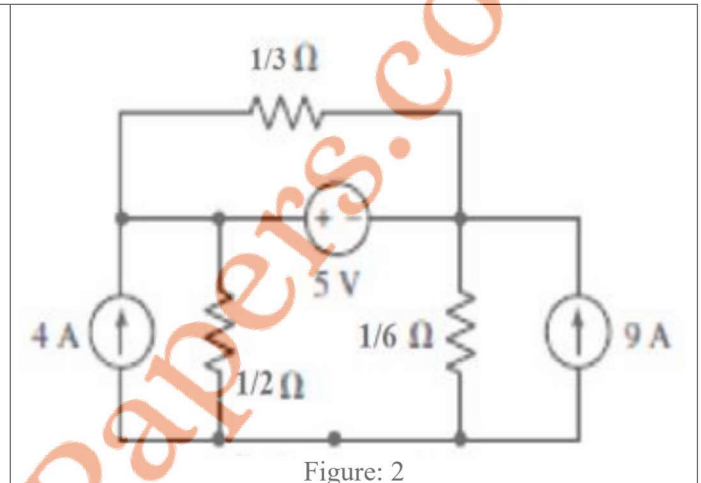
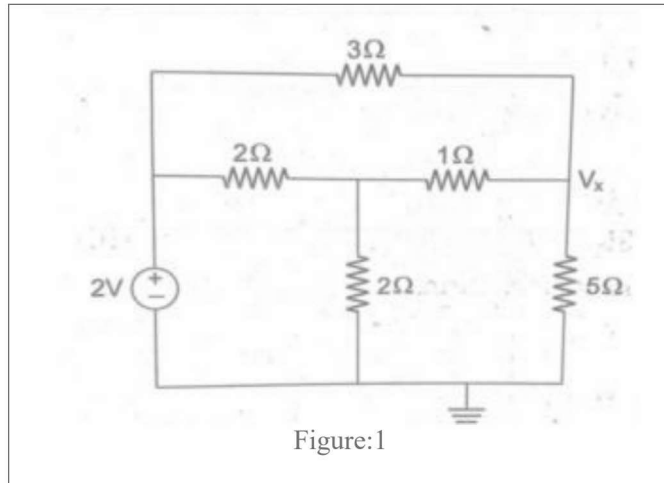
(c) Determine the hybrid parameters for the network in figure: 11. 07

OR

Q.5 (a) For the resistive network shown in the figure: 10, Develop the incidence matrix A . 03

(b) Test whether $P(s)$ is Hurwitz $P(s) = s^8 + 5s^6 + 2s^4 + 3s^2 + 1$ using Routh's Criterion. 04

(c) Obtain the y – parameters for the circuit in figure: 12 07



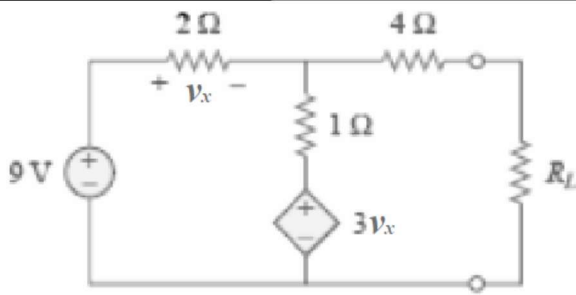


Figure: 7

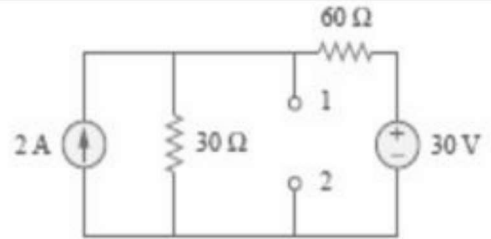


Figure: 8

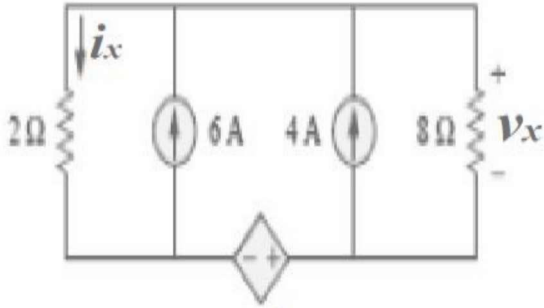


Figure:9

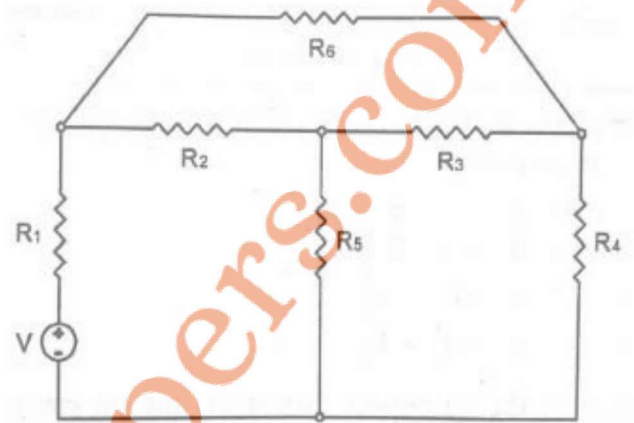


Figure:10

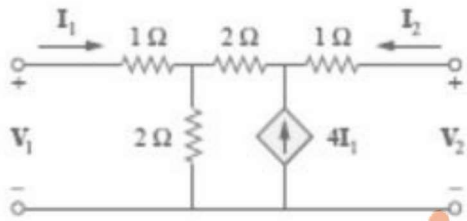


Figure: 11

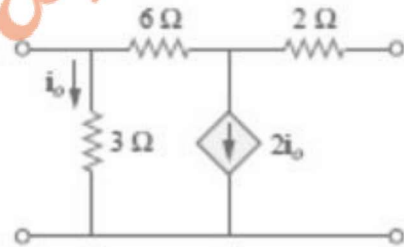


Figure: 12

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