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## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY MBA – SEMESTER III – EXAMINATION – WINTER 2019

Subject code: 4539281 Date: 02 -12 -2019 **Subject Name: International Business** Time: 10:30 am to 01:30 pm **Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. **Definition/ Short Questions (Explain each with an Example)** Q. 1 14 1 Expatriates 2 Laissez Faire 3 Hard & Soft currency Rule of Thumb 4 5 Economic nationalism BRICS 6 7 Expropriation 07 **Q.2** Differentiate between domestic business and international Business. (a) **Q.2 (b)** What is political Risk? Which are the different political risks associated with 07 international business? OR **Q.2 (b)** Explain various tariffs and non-tariff instruments available for trade control. 07 Which are the different economic systems prevailed in current world? Why most 0.3 **07** (a) government wants to transit to market economy? Define foreign exchange. And explain major factors determining the foreign **07 Q.3 (b)** exchange rate in IB. OR What are the different types of integration – responsiveness (IR) Grid (II) quadrant? 07 Q.3 Explain various strategies derived from the IR grid. **Q.3** (b) Explain modern trade theories of International trade in detail. 07 Write a short note on corporate governance and corporate social responsibility in 07 0.4 (a) international business context. The difference between total market potential and companies' sales is due to gaps. **07** 0.4 **(b)** Explain various types of Gapes with suitable example.

OR

Q.4 (a) Write a short on EPRG framework in international Business context.

Q.4 (b) Explain nation, people and language as both stabilizer and diffuser of culture in international business context.

## Q. 5 Case Study

**Q.5** 

## Mahindra & Mahindra

Mahindra & Mahindra (M & M) is a major player in the tractor and certain segments of the automobile market in India. After an impressive growth for a few years, the tractor market in India has been stagnating during 1998-1999 to 2000-2001.

M & M has been selling its tractors and utility vehicles in foreign markets including USA. Some of the components for its products have been sourced from abroad. M & M has a 100 per cent subsidiary in USA, Mahindra USA, with a strong network of 100 dealers.

Mahindra has a five per cent market share in the US market in the 20-30 horse power (HP) range. As a part of the strategy aimed at building a global supply chain, Mahindra USA has signed a memorandum of understanding (MoU) with the Korean tractor major Tong Yang, a part of the \$ 2 billion Tong Yang Moolsam group, according to which Mahindra will source high horse power (mostly 25-40 hp range) and sell them around the world under the M & M brand name. To start with, the premium range of tractors will be sold in the US. M & M's current tractor range is more utility-oriented and lacks the aesthetic appeal that Tong Yang's tractors have, a must for a strong presence in the US market.

Q.5 (a) How will the foreign market expansion help M & M?
(b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of global sourcing?

OR

(b) How does the strategic alliance with Tong Yang benefit M & M?(b) What are the possible risks of the alliance? How can they be overcome?07

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