B.Pharm SEMESTER: II

Subject Name: Human Anatomy and Physiology II

**Subject Code: BP201TP** 

**Scope**: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course student shall be able to

- 1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
- 2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
- 3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
- 4. Perform the hematological tests like blood cell counts, haemoglobin estimation, bleeding/clotting time etc and also record blood pressure, heart rate, pulse and respiratory volume.
- 5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system
- 6. Appreciate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body.

Sr No	Topics	%
	A	weightage
1.	Nervous system:	10
	Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and	
	properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve	
	impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters	
	Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal	
	fluid.structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum),	
	spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve	
	tracts,reflex activity)	
2.	Digestive system	6
	Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of	
	stomach, (Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production	
	through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein	
	digestion) small intestine and large intestine, anatomy and functions of	
	salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and	
	absorption of nutrients and disorders of GIT	
	Energetics:	
	Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and BMR.	
3.	Respiratory system	10
	Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of	
	lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration	
	Lung Volumes and capacities transport of respiratory gases, artificial	
	respiration, and resuscitation methods	
	Urinary system	
	Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to anatomy of kidney and	
	nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine	

	formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role	
	of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney	
4.	Endocrine system	10
	Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and	
	functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal	
	gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders.	
5.	Reproductive system	9
	Anatomy of male and female reproductive system, Functions of male and	
	female reproductive system, sex hormones, physiology of menstruation,	
	fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition.	
	Introduction to genetics	
	Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein synthesis, genetic pattern of	
	inheritance	•

### **Practical**

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

- 1. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen, models, etc.,
- 2. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,
- 3. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc
- 4. To demonstrate the general neurological examination
- 5. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve
- 6. To examine the different types of taste.
- 7. To demonstrate the visual acuity
- 8. To demonstrate the reflex activity
- 9. Recording of body temperature
- 10. To demonstrate positive and negative feedback mechanism
- 11. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity
- 12. Study of digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular systems, urinary and reproductive systems with the help of models, charts and specimens
- 13. Recording of basal mass index
- 14. Study of family planning devices and pregnancy diagnosis test
- 15. Demonstration of total blood count by cell analyser
- 16. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads

- 1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi
- 2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
- 3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co,Riverview,MI USA
- 4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C,Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A

- 6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi
- 7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi
- 8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
- 2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A
- 3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkat

GIUQUestion Papers. Com

B.Pharm SEMESTER: II

Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I

**Subject Code: BP202TP** 

**Scope**: This subject deals with classification and nomenclature of simple organic compounds, structural isomerism, intermediates forming in reactions, important physical properties, reactions and methods of preparation of these compounds. The syllabus also emphasizes on mechanisms and orientation of reactions.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound
- 2. write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
- **3.** account for reactivity/stability of compounds
- 4. identify/confirm the identification of organic compound

#### **Course Content:**

General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (\*) to be explained

To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences

Sr No	Topics	%
		weightage
1.	Classification, nomenclature and isomerism:	7
	Classification of Organic Compounds	
	Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds (up to	
	10 Carbons open chain and carbocyclic compounds)	
	Structural isomerisms in organic compounds	
2.	Alkanes*, Alkenes* and Conjugated dienes*:  SP hybridization in alkanes, Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins, Stabilities of alkenes, SP hybridization in alkenes, E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions – kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeffs orientation and evidences. E <sub>1</sub> verses E <sub>2</sub> reactions, Factors affecting E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions. Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation.  Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel-Alder, electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement	10
3.	Alkyl halides*: SN <sub>1</sub> and SN <sub>2</sub> reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations SN <sub>1</sub> versus SN <sub>2</sub> reactions, Factors affecting SN <sub>1</sub> and SN <sub>2</sub> reactions Structure and uses of ethylchloride, Chloroform, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloromethane and iodoform Alcohols*- Qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, Cetosteryl alcohol, Benzyl alcohol, Glycerol, Propylene glycol	10
4.	Carbonyl compounds* (Aldehydes and ketones): Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation,	10
	Perkin condensation, qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Formaldehyde,	

	Paraldehyde, Acetone, Chloral hydrate, Hexamine, Benzaldehyde, Vanilin, Cinnamaldehyde	
5.	Carboxylic acids*: Acidity of carboxylic acids, effect of substituents on acidity, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acids, amide and ester Structure and Uses of Acetic acid, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid, Citric acid, Succinic acid. Oxalic acid, Salicylic acid, Benzoic acid, Benzyl benzoate, Dimethyl phthalate, Methyl salicylate and Acetyl salicylic acid Aliphatic amines* - Basicity, effect of substituent on Basicity. Qualitative test, Structure and uses of Ethanolamine, Ethylenediamine, Amphetamine	8

Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds like:

- 1. Preliminary test: Color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc
- 2. Detection of elements like Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogen by Lassaigne's test
- 3. Solubility test
- 4. Functional group test like Phenols, Amides/ Urea, Carbohydrates, Amines, Carboxylic acids, Aldehydes and Ketones, Alcohols, Esters, Aromatic and Halogenated Hydrocarbons, Nitro compounds and Anilides
- 5. Melting point/Boiling point of organic compounds
- 6. Identification of the unknown compound from the literature using melting point/ boiling point
- 7. Preparation of the derivatives and confirmation of the unknown compound by melting point/boiling point
- 8. Minimum 5 unknown organic compounds to be analysed systematically
- 9. Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds
- 10. Construction of molecular models

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd
- 2. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Volume-I
- 3. Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl.
- 4. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni
- 5. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
- 6. Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry
- 7. Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K. Vishnoi.
- 8. Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques by Pavia, Lampman and Kriz.
- 9. Reaction and reaction mechanism by Ahluwaliah/Chatwal.

B.Pharm SEMESTER: II

**Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Engineering** 

**Subject Code: BP203TP** 

**Scope**: This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the art and science of various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industry.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. To know various unit operations used in Pharmaceutical industries.
- 2. To understand the material handling techniques.
- 3. To perform various processes involved in pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
- 4. To carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution.
- 5. To appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
- 6. To appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in Pharmaceutical industries

Sr No	Topics	%
		weightage
1.	Flow of fluids: Types of manometers, Reynolds number and its significance,	10
	Bernoulli's theorem and its applications, Energy losses, Orifice meter,	
	Venturimeter, Pitot tube and Rotometer.	
	Size Reduction: Objectives, Mechanisms & Laws governing size reduction,	
	factors affecting size reduction, principles, construction, working, uses, merits	
	and demerits of Hammer mill, ball mill, fluid energy mill, Edge runner mill &	
	end runner mill.	
	Size Separation: Objectives, applications & mechanism of size	
	separation, official standards of powders, sieves, size separation	
	Principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Sieve shaker,	
2	cyclone separator, Air separator, Bag filter & elutriation tank	10
2.	Heat Transfer: Objectives, applications & Heat transfer mechanisms.	10
	Fourier's law, Heat transfer by conduction, convection & radiation. Heat interchangers & heat exchangers.	
	Evaporation: Objectives, applications and factors influencing evaporation,	
	differences between evaporation and other heat process. principles,	
	construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Steam jacketed kettle,	
	horizontal tube evaporator, climbing film evaporator, forced circulation	
	evaporator, multiple effect evaporator & Economy of multiple effect evaporator	
	<b>Distillation:</b> Basic Principles and methodology of simple distillation, flash	
	distillation, fractional distillation, distillation under reduced pressure, steam	
	distillation & molecular distillation	
3.	<b>Drying:</b> Objectives, applications & mechanism of drying process,	8
	measurements & applications of Equilibrium Moisture content, rate of	
	drying curve. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits	
	of Tray dryer, drum dryer spray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, vacuum dryer,	
	freeze dryer	
	<b>Mixing:</b> Objectives, applications & factors affecting mixing, Difference	
	between solid and liquid mixing, mechanism of solid mixing, liquids	
	mixing and semisolids mixing. Principles, Construction, Working, uses,	
	Merits and Demerits of Double cone blender, twin shell blender, ribbon	
	Ments and Dements of Dodoic cone diender, twin shell diender, noton	

	blender, Sigma blade mixer, planetary mixers, Propellers, Turbines, Paddles & Silverson Emulsifier	
4.		8
4.	<b>Filtration:</b> Objectives, applications, Theories & Factors influencing	o
	filtration, filter aids, filter medias. Principle, Construction, Working,	
	Uses, Merits and demerits of plate & frame filter, filter leaf, rotary drum	
	filter, Meta filter & Cartridge filter, membrane filters and Seidtz filter	
	Centrifugation: Objectives, principle & applications of Centrifugation,	
	principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Perforated	
	basket centrifuge, Non-perforated basket centrifuge, semi continuous	
	centrifuge & super centrifuge.	
5.	Materials of pharmaceutical plant construction, Corrosion and its	7
	<b>prevention:</b> Factors affecting during materials selected for	
	Pharmaceutical plant construction, Theories of corrosion, types of	
	corrosion and there prevention. Ferrous and nonferrous metals,	
	inorganic and organic non metals, basic of material handling systems.	

### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Introduction to chemical engineering Walter L Badger & Julius Banchero, Latest edition.
- 2. Solid phase extraction, Principles, techniques and applications by Nigel J.K. Simpson-Latest edition.
- 3. Unit operation of chemical engineering Mcabe Smith, Latest edition.
- 4. Pharmaceutical engineering principles and practices C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.
- 5. Remington practice of pharmacy- Martin, Latest edition.
- 6. Theory and practice of industrial pharmacy by Lachmann., Latest edition.
- 7. Physical pharmaceutics- C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.
- 8. Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy, S.J. Carter, Latest edition

#### **Practical:**

- 1. Determination of radiation constant of brass, iron, unpainted and painted glass
- 2. Steam distillation To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.
- 3. To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger
- 4. Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch).
- 5. Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
- 6. Determination of humidity of air i) From wet and dry bulb temperatures –use of Dew point method
- 7. Description of Construction working and application of Pharmaceutical Machinery such as rotary tablet machine, fluidized bed coater, fluid energy mill, de humidifier
- 8. Size analysis by sieving To evaluate size distribution of tablet granulations Construction of various size frequency curves including arithmetic and logarithmic probability plots
- 9. Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill
- 10. Demonstration of colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, freeze dryer and such othermajor equipment
- 11. Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, Concentration and Thickness/viscosity
- 12. To study the effect of time on the Rate of Crystallization.
- 13. To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using Double Cone Blender

B.Pharm SEMESTER: II

**Subject Name: Computer Applications in Pharmacy** 

**Subject Code: BP204TP** 

**Scope**: This subject deals with the introduction Database, Database Management system, computer application in clinical studies and use of databases.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy
- 2. know the various types of databases
- 3. know the various applications of databases in pharmacy

Sr No	Topics	%
		weightage
1.	Number system: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal	6
	number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary,	
	binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's	
	complement, Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division	
	Concept of Information Systems and Software: Information gathering,	
	requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process	
	specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and	
	managing the project	
2.	Web technologies: Introduction to HTML, XML, CSS and Programming	6
	languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products. Introduction	
	to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database	
3.	<b>Application of computers in Pharmacy</b> – Drug information storage and	6
	retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design,	
	Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge	
	(EP) systems, barcode medicine identification and automated dispensing	
	of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring	
	Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System,	
	Pharma Information System  Pharma Information System	
4.	<b>Bioinformatics:</b> Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics,	6
	Bioinformatics Databases, Concept of Bioinformatics, Impact of	
	Bioinformatics in Vaccine Discovery	
5.	Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development:	6
1	Chromatographic dada analysis(CDS), Laboratory Information	
	management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management	
	System(TIMS)	

#### **Practical List:**

- 1. Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.
- 2. Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
- 3. Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools

- 4. Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard, generating label in MS WORD
- 5. Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access
- 6. Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the database
- 7. Generating report and printing the report from patient database
- 8. Creating invoice table using MS Access
- 9. Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access
- 10. Creating and working with queries in MS Access
- 11. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages
- 12. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages

- 1. Computer Application in Pharmacy William E.Fassett –Lea and Febiger, 600 South Washington Square, USA, (215) 922-1330.
- 2. Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development –Sean Ekins Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA
- 3. Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications) S.C.Rastogi-CBS Publishers and Distributors, 4596/1- A, 11 Darya Gani, New Delhi 110 002(INDIA)
- 4. Microsoft office Access 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath Cary N.Prague Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd., 4435/7, Ansari Road, Daryagani, New Delhi 110002

B.Pharm SEMESTER: II

**Subject Name: Environmental Sciences** 

**Subject Code: BP205TT** 

**Scope**: Environmental Sciences is the scientific study of the environmental system and the status of its inherent or induced changes on organisms. It includes not only the study of physical and biological characters of the environment but also the social and cultural factors and the impact of man on environment.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Create the awareness about environmental problems among learners.
- 2. Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- 3. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.
- 4. Motivate learner to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.
- 5. Acquire skills to help the concerned individuals in identifying and solving environmental problems.
- 6. Strive to attain harmony with Nature

Sr No	Topics	%
		weightage
1.	The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies	10
	Natural Resources	
	Renewable and non-renewable resources:	
	Natural resources and associated problems	
	Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Food resources;	
	e) Energy resources; f) Land resources: Role of an individual in conservation of	
	natural resources	
2.	Ecosystems:	10
	Concept of an ecosystem.	
	Structure and function of an ecosystem.	
	Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the	
	ecosystems: Forest ecosystem; Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem;	
	Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)	
3.	Environmental Pollution: Air pollution; Water pollution; Soil pollution	10

- 1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
- 2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
- 3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Pu blishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad 380 013, India,
- 4. Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p
- 5. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford
- 6. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai, 1196p
- 7. De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 8. Down of Earth, Centre for Science and Environment